

Chapter 6 Review – Enlightenment and Revolution

Section 2 – The Enlightenment in Europe

TERMS TO KNOW: Identify and explain the significance of each term below.

Review Questions

Two Views on Government

1. Who were the two English political thinkers that started the Enlightenment? _____

2. What was Thomas Hobbes known for? _____

3. Give me one of his quotes. “ _____
_____ .”
4. How do you escape a bleak life? _____

5. What is the best government? _____

6. What was John Locke known for? _____

7. What are the natural rights with which people are born, according to John Locke? _____

8. Where does a government’s power come from? _____

The Philosophes Advocate Reason

9. Name the five core concepts to the philosophes:
 - a. _____

 - b. _____

 - c. _____

 - d. _____

 - e. _____

10. Who was Voltaire? _____
11. What was Voltaire known for? _____

12. Who hated him? _____

13. What is the meaning of Voltaire’s famous quotation “I do not agree with a word you say but will defend to the death your right to say it”? _____

14. What did he fight for? _____

15. What was Montesquieu known for? _____

16. Quote Montesquieu. “ _____
_____ .”

17. What was Rousseau known for? _____

18. What was Rousseau’s belief for government? _____

19. How did Rousseau view the social contract? _____

Women and the Enlightenment

20. Why might men hesitate to give women education and equality under the law? _____

21. How did the thinkers view education for women? _____

22. How did women writers tried to improve the status for women? _____

23. What was Mary Wollstonecraft known for? _____

24. What does Mary Astell mean the women are “born slaves”? _____

25. What are some other contributions for women during the Enlightenment? _____

Legacy of the Enlightenment

26. What did the theories inspire? _____

27. What was the legacy of the Enlightenment? Or what were the three long term effects of the Enlightenment:
a. _____
b. _____
c. _____

28. Who were the philosophes and what did they advocate? _____

Analyzing Primary Source (p. 197)

1. Why should citizens be the authors of society’s laws, according to Rousseau? _____

2. Why does Montesquieu believe that disobeying laws lead to a loss of liberty? _____

Interpreting Charts (p. 198)

1. What important documents reflect the influence of Enlightenment ideas? _____

2. Which are the two most important Enlightenment ideas? _____

Different Perspectives (p. 201)

1. What is the main point that Voltaire is making in Source A? _____

2. What technique does he use to reinforce his message? _____

3. What does the king's reaction in Source B say about Swift's view of Europe's military technology? _____

4. Why might Hogarth's painting in Source C be difficult for modern audiences to understand? Does this take away from his message? _____

NOTES: _____