

Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____

Chapter 7 Review – The French Revolution
Section Two – Revolution Brings Reform and Terror

DIRECTIONS: Read the section in the book and answer the following questions.

Review Questions

1. Why did members of the nobility and clergy have reason to be afraid during the Great Fear? _____

The Assembly Reforms France

2. What rights are promised in “the Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen?” _____

3. What three word phrase became the catch phrase of the French Revolution? _____

4. What happened when Olympe de Gouges tried to claim the rights listed in number 2 for women? _____

5. In what two ways was the Catholic Church placed under government control? _____

6. How did Louis XVI react to the National Assembly’s reforms? _____

7. Who lost some power in the Constitution of 1791? _____

8. What powers were given to the new Legislative Assembly? _____

9. What problems caused the “new” government to split into groups? _____

10. What did the Radicals believe? _____

11. What did the Moderates want? _____

12. What were the wishes of the Conservatives? _____

13. Who were the Émigrés? _____

14. What was their plan? _____

15. Who were the sans-culottes? _____

16. How did the events in France cause concern in neighboring countries? _____

17. Why did the Legislative Assembly declare war on Austria and Prussia in April 1792? _____

18. What happened to the Royal Family on August 10, 1792? _____

19. Why were over 1000 prisoners in French prisons murdered in September? _____

20. What were these murderous events called? _____

21. What new government took over on September 21, 1792? _____

22. What was different about this government compared to government under the Legislative Assembly? _____

23. Who was given the right to vote in this new government? _____

24. Who was the editor of *L'Ami du Peuple*? _____

25. What political group did he belong to? _____

26. What was his major idea? _____

27. How did the Jacobins treat Louis XVI? _____

28. How did the National Convention strengthen France's troops in February 1793? _____

29. Identify the three groups within France who were not happy with Jacobin rule and why they were so? _____

30. Who came to power in early 1793? _____

31. What was the goal of this man and his supporters? _____

32. What was created in July 1793 with Robespierre as its leader? _____

33. What was the time of Robespierre's rule called? _____

34. What was the fundamental duty of the Committee of Public Safety? _____

35. What happened to the government's enemies? _____

36. How many people are thought to have been executed during the Reign of Terror? _____

37. Why is the figure 85% ironic? _____

38. Why was Robespierre sent to the guillotine? _____

39. What was created in 1795 to help lead France? _____

40. Alongside Napoleon, who are considered to be among the greatest military geniuses of all time? _____

Science & Technology (p. 225)

1. In what ways was the guillotine an efficient means of execution? _____

2. France continued to use the guillotine until 1977. Four years later, France abolished capital punishment. Conduct research to identify countries where capital punishment is still used. Use your findings to create a map titled "Countries Using Capital Punishment." _____

NOTES:

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